Sub.Code: 3021'R'

## **NEB-GRADE XII** 2081 (2024) Chemistry (New course)

(For general stream student whose first two digits of registration number starts from 78, 79 and 80)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as

pra	cticable. The fig	ures in the margin	indicate full mark	ss.		
Att	empt all the quest	tions.				
		Group 'A'		[11×1=11]		
	Rewrite the co	rrect option of each	question in your a	nswer sheet.		
1.	A chemical reac	A chemical reaction occurs as follows:				
	NaOH+H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> -	→NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> +H <sub>2</sub> O				
	What is the equi	ivalent weight of H <sub>3</sub>	PO <sub>4</sub> ?			
	A) 25	B) 49	C) 59	_D) 98		
2.	If 0.01M solution of acetic acid is 0.01% ionised, what will be the dissociation constant of acetic acid?					
	A) 1×10 <sup>-3</sup>	B) 1×10 <sup>-6</sup>	C) 1×10 <sup>-8</sup>	D) 1×10 <sup>-10</sup>		
3.	If the rate of reaction?	ction is equal to the r	rate constant, what v	will be the order of		
	A) Zero	B) First	C) Second	D) Third		
4.	+0.34V, -0.25V	Frode potentials of $7.2.93V$ and $+0.85$ the order of decreas	$\overline{V}$ , respectively. W	. 710.71 U.J.M.M.M		
	A) $S>P>Q>R$	B) Q>R>P>S	C)R>Q>P>S	D) $R>S>Q>P$		
5.	What feature of	transition metals ma	akes them suitable	to act as catalyst?		
	A) Large ionic c	harge	B) Varial	ole oxidation state		
	C) Highly reactive	ve nature	<b>~</b>			
	D) Large surface	e area for the reacta	ant to be absorbed			
6.	Which of the foll A) Ti 3+	owing metal ions sh B) Cr <sup>3+</sup>	nows green color in C) Mn <sup>2+</sup>	its salt? D) Fe <sup>2+</sup>		
			<i>-</i>			
				^ ' . <b>.</b> -		

7.	Benzene $\xrightarrow{CH_3CI}$ 'X' $\xrightarrow{CeO_2/H^*}$ 'Y'. If the compound 'Y' is heated with
	acid anhydride in the presence of sodium acetate, what will it give?

- A) Cinnamic acid
- B) Picric acid
- C) Benzoic acid
- D) Phthalic acid
- 8. Which of the following compounds gives positive Tollen's test as well as Iodoform test?
  - A) Propanone

B) Ethanol

C) Ethanal

- D) Methanal
- 9. Which one of the following is most basic in nature?
  - A) NH,
- B) CH,NH,
- C) (CH<sub>3</sub>),NH
- D) C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>
- 10. Which of the following compounds reacts with chlorobenze to form DDT?
  - A) Carbonyl chloride
- B) Acetone (C) Chloral
- D) Chloroform
- 11. If you are asked to prepare a primary alcohol using Grignard's reagent, what will you start with?
  - A) Methanal

B) Ethanal

C) Propanone

D) Acetyl chloride

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## 2081 (2024)

## **Chemistry**

## (New course)

(For general stream students whose first two digits of registration number start from 78, 79 and 80)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Time: 3 hrs. Full M	larks: 75			
Attempt all the questions.				
Group 'A'				
Question No. 1 to 11 (Multiple Choice Questions) will be provided after 30 starting examination. Rewrite its (MCQ) correct options (answer) in the sa sheet.	•			
	$[8 \times 5 = 40]$			
12. Standard reduction potentials of Cu <sup>2+</sup> /Cu and Fe <sup>2+</sup> /Fe are +0 -0.44V, respectively.	.34V and			
<ul><li>a) Write down the cell notation indicating anode and cathode.</li><li>b) Calculate the standard emf of the cell.</li></ul>	[1] [2]			
c) Write the complete cell reaction.	[2]			
Or	[-]			
Define heat of combustion.				
Heat of combustion of carbon (s), sulphur (s) and carbon disulph	nide ( <i>l</i> ) are			
-395 KJ/mol, -295 KJ/mol and -1110 KJ/mol, respectively. Cal				
heat of formation of $CS_2(l)$ .	[1+4]			
13. Define the term pH of a solution.				
Calculate the hydroxyl ion concentration in mole/litre of a solution				
pH is 4.7. Also determine the weight of NaOH required to proc	luce these			
ions in one litre of the solution.	[1+4]			
14. A coinage metal (M) of electronic configuration (Ar) 3d10, 4 s1 b	pelongs to			
group IB in the periodic table.				
a) Draw a blast furnace for the smelting process during the ext	raction of			
(M) using its chief ore.	[2]			
b) Explain the different chemical reactions involved during the for	rmation of			
matte in the furnace.	[3]			
15. a) Give a reaction for the preparation of corrosive sublimate.	[1]			
b) What is the action of corrosive sublimate with	[3]			
i) KI solution ii) SnCl, solution (iii) NH4OH soultion?				
c) Mention any two important uses of corrosive sublimate.	[1]			

Contd...

16.	Starting from benzene, how would	d you prepare nitrobenzene?	How would
	you convert nitrobenzene into:		
	Dazoxyben <u>ze</u> ne	ii) P-aminophenol	
	iii) aniline	iv) azobenzene ?	[1+4]
17.	$(A) \xrightarrow{aq.NaOH} (B) \xrightarrow{K_2Cr_2O_7/H} [O]$	Propanone.	
	i) Identify the compounds (A) ar	nd (B).	
	ii) Starting from compound (A), h iii) Convert compound (B) into p	ow would you obtain 2,3-dime	thylbutane?
	iv) Predict the product, when con methoxide.	mpound (A) is heated with so	dium [2+1+1+1]
		Or	
	Make a correct sequence of reactive following compounds.	ctions using the suitable cond	ditions from [5]
	Benzoin, Toluene, Benzene diazo Benzene	nium chloride, Phenol, Benza	ldehyde and
18.	Write down a chemical equation of	of each of the following.	[5]
	(i) Carbonylation reaction	ii) Fehling's test	
	iii) Aldol condensation	iv) Williamson's ether syn	thesis
	v) 2, 4- DNP test	,	
10		(10) and secondary (20) al	ashal Haw
19.	Write an example of each of prin		
	is Victor-Meyer's test applied to	distinguish between them?	
	Group	p 'C'	$[3 \times 8 = 24]$
20	The concentration of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> so with standard Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> solution.	lution can be determined by	the titration
	i) Is the Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> solution prima	ry standard? Why?	[2]
	ii) Differentiate between equiva		[2]
		ontains 0.53 g of Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> . If 1 water to obtain 0.01M Na <sub>2</sub> C	O <sub>3</sub> solution,
	calculate the value of x.		[4]
		Or	
	a) Define half-life of a reaction reaction is directly proportion	. Deduce the relation that the lonal to the initial concentration	

b) For a reaction;

$$2NO + Cl_1 \rightarrow 2NOCl$$

(g) (g) (g)

Expt No.	Initial [NO] M	Initial [Cl,] M	Initial rate of disappearance of Cl, (M/min.)
1 2 3	0.15 0.15 0.30	0.15 0.30 0.15	0.60 1.20 2.40
4	0.25	0.25	x

(a) Write the expression for rate law.

[2]

(b) Calculate the value of K and specify its unit.

[2]

(c) Find the value of x.

[1]

- 21. a) The vapour of organic compound (A) if inhaled causes the loss of consciousness and if heated with conc. HNO<sub>3</sub> forms a component of tear gas.
  - i) How would you prepare compound (A) by using one of the isomers of C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O? [2]
  - ii) What happens when compound (A) is: (a) exposed in air (b) heated with Ag powder (c) condensed with acetone, and (d) heated with aniline in the presence of alc. KOH?

    [4]
  - b) Give reasons:

[2]

- i) Ether is stored in the bottle containing iron wire.
- ii) Though ethanol is an organic compound, it is soluble in water.

Or

A sequence of reaction in general form is expressed as:

$$A \xrightarrow{PCI_3} B \xrightarrow{NH_3} C \xrightarrow{Br_1/NaOH} D \xrightarrow{NaNO_2/HCI} E$$

Compound A is a carboxylic acid that produces ethanoic anhydride on being heated with P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>.

a) Identify A,B,C,D and E with reactions involved.

[5]

- b) If the compound A undergoes Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction, write the reactions leading to the final product. [1]
- c) What product will be formed if compound B is treated with ethanol?

[1]

Contd...

d) How would you convert compound 'E' into methanal?	[1]
22. a) What is Portland cement? List out the major constituents of cement.	Portland [2]
b) Give the structural formula of monomer and a use of each of the	following:
i) Nylon 6,6 (ii) Polystyrene	[2]
c) Differentiate between:	
i) Nuclear reactions and chemical reactions.	[2]
ii) Fibrous and non-fibrous raw materials for the paper prod	uction.[2]

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